

Shivaji University, Kolhapur
Summer Examination 2020

Course Name : (65646/56846) GEOGRAPHY PAPER X
Subject Name : (65646/56846) GEOGRAPHY PAPER X
Paper Name : (65646/56846) GEOGRAPHY PAPER X

Paper Code :
65646
Max. Marks :
50

Date : 29/10/2020

Time : 4:00PM - 5:00PM

महत्वाची सूचना : विद्यार्थ्यांनी 30 पैकी 25 प्रश्न सोडवावेत (प्रत्येकी 2 मार्कस) अथवा 60 पैकी 50 प्रश्न सोडवावेत (प्रत्येकी 1 मार्क)

Q.1

Which of the following states has a major oil field in India?

- | | |
|-----------|----------------|
| (1) Assam | (3) Rajasthan |
| (2) Bihar | (4) Tamil Nadu |

Q.2

What is the position of India in the world in terms of iron production?

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| (1) Fifth | (3) Tenth |
| (2) Seventh | (4) Second |

Q.3

The Satara district of Maharashtra is famous for -----.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (1) Thermal Power Station | (3) Hydroelectric power station |
| (2) Wind power station | (4) Atomic energy centre |

Q.4

Which of the following state has the largest coal reserves?

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (1) Andhra Pradesh | (3) Jharkhand |
| (2) Chhattisgarh | (4) Madhya Pradesh |

Q.5

Which of the following states has the highest potential for wind energy?

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (1) Gujarat and Maharashtra | (3) Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu |
| (2) Andhra Pradesh and Rajasthan | (4) Gujarat and Tamil Nadu |

Q.6

Which mineral is found in Mayurbhanj, Keonjhar and Bonai areas of Orissa?

- | | |
|---------------|----------|
| (1) Copper | (3) Iron |
| (2) Manganese | (4) Mica |

Q.7

Where is the location of main coal reserves of Gondwana?

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| (1) Damodar Valley | (3) Raniganj |
| (2) Arunachal Pradesh | (4) Aurangabad |

Q.8

Consider the statement and choose the right option from the following:

1. Maharashtra is a major producer of manganese.

2. Orissa is a major producer of iron ore.

- (1) One is right (3) One and two are right
(2) Two is right (4) One and two are not right

Q.9

Which of the following crop areas in India has remained more or less stable in the last decade?

- (1) Rice (3) Cereals
(2) Oilseeds (4) Sugarcane

Q.10

Which of the following are the kharif crops?

i) Cotton ii) Groundnut iii) Wheat iv) Mustard

- (1) i and ii (3) iii and iv
(2) i, ii, iii and iv (4) i, ii and iii

Q.11

How much temperature is required for tea production?

- (1) 25 to 30 Degree Celsius (3) 50 to 60 Degree Celsius
(2) 30 to 40 Degree Celsius (4) 5 to 15 Degree Celsius

Q.12

Which state of India is producing the highest production of Rice?

- (1) Bihar (3) West Bengal
(2) Uttar Pradesh (4) Rajasthan

Q.13

Which of the following is the main type of Indian agriculture?

- (1) Commercial Agriculture (3) Extensive Agriculture
(2) Mechanized Agriculture (4) Subsistence Agriculture

Q.14

Which of the following areas of India has ideal tea production?

- (1) Nilgiri Hills (3) Rajasthan
(2) Jammu and Kashmir (4) Bihar

Q.15

Which is the major crop in Uttar Pradesh?

- (1) Wheat (3) Rice
(2) Silk (4) Coffee

Q.16

Which of the following is not a reason for localization of industry?

- (1) Market (3) Population density
(2) Capital (4) Energy

Q.17

Which of the following is the first established iron and steel company in India?

- (1) Indian Iron and Steel Company (3) Visvesvaraya Iron Steel Factory
(2) Tata Iron and Steel Company (4) Mysore Iron Steel Factory

Q.18

Which are the locational factors of the automobile industry?

- (1) Iron and steel production center (3) Ports
(2) Market (4) All of the above

Q.19

Where is Tata Iron and Steel Company?

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| (1) Hazaribagh | (3) Jamshedpur |
| (2) Bhilai | (4) Kolkata |

Q.20

Where did the first cotton textile industry established in India?

- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| (1) Kolkata | (3) Ahmedabad |
| (2) Mumbai | (4) Kanpur |

Q.21

Where was the first public sector fertilizer factory established in 1951?

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| (1) Durgapur | (3) Ramagundam |
| (2) Korba | (4) Sindri |

Q.22

Which state ranks first in sugar production in India?

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| (1) Uttar Pradesh | (3) Tamil Nadu |
| (2) Bihar | (4) Maharashtra |

Q.23

Which of the following year was the first spinning mill established in India?

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (1) 1954 | (3) 1990 |
| (2) 1854 | (4) 1914 |

Q.24

Which of the following states gets the benefit of Konkan Railway?

- | | |
|---|---|
| (1) Maharashtra, Goa, Karnataka, Kerala | (3) Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Goa, Maharashtra |
| (2) Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, Kerala | (4) Gujarat, Maharashtra, Goa, Tamil Nadu |

Q.25

When was the first railway started in India?

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (1) 1836 | (3) 1853 |
| (2) 1840 | (4) 1856 |

Q.26

Where is the dense railway network in India?

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| (1) Hilly states | (3) Central part of India |
| (2) North Eastern states | (4) North Indian plains |

Q.27

Where is the headquarters of Indian Airlines?

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| (1) Mumbai | (3) Chennai |
| (2) Delhi | (4) Bangalore |

Q.28

Which of the following country is the India's largest trading partner?

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| (1) U.S.A. | (3) China |
| (2) U. A. E. | (4) U. K. |

Q.29

Which of the following is the largest importer of goods in India?

- | | |
|---|---------------------|
| (1) Petroleum, crude oil and petroleum products | (3) Gold and silver |
| (2) Electric goods | (4) Chemicals |

Q.30

The trade between two countries is called as -----.

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Inland trade | (3) International trade |
| (2) External trade | (4) Domestic trade |